

Dyslipidemia jako ważny czynnik ryzyka chorób sercowo-naczyniowych. Metody postępowania

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dr med. Tomasz Zdrojewski,

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Genetyczne uwarunkowania zaburzeń lipidowych.

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HDL – lipoproteiny o wysokiej gęstości. Hipoalfalipoproteinemia

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Niefarmakologiczne leczenie dyslipidemii

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Przeciwpalne działanie fibratów wzmacnia ich rolę w monoterapii dylipidemii.

prof. dr hab. n. farm. Marek Naruszewicz

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Nowe leki w terapii hipolipemizującej

prof. dr hab. med. Piotr Podolec

dr n. med. Grzegorz Kopec

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Złożona terapia hipolipemizująca

prof. dr hab. med. Longina Kłosiewicz-Latoszek

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Bezpieczeństwo stosowania statyn i fibratów–uwagi praktyczne
prof. nadzw. dr hab. med. Krzysztof J. Filipiak

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Postępowanie w dyslipidemii u dzieci. Kiedy diagnozować i jak leczyć?

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Leczenie zaburzeń lipidowych w otyłości i zespole metabolicznym

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